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in a financial statement audit, including the responsibilities for testing and reporting on internal controls and compliance with laws and regulations and the nature of any additional testing of internal controls and compliance required by laws and regulations. These responsibilities should be contrasted with the additional procedures that could be performed that would result in additional assurances or opinions on the internal control structure and compliance with laws and regulations. The audit agreement must also include the following:

- (1) The borrower and the CPA acknowledge that the audit is being performed and the auditor's report, report on compliance, report on compliance and on internal controls over financial reporting, and management letter is being issued in order to enable the borrower to comply with the provisions of RUS's security instrument:
- (2) The borrower and CPA acknowledge that RUS will consider the borrower to be in violation of its security instrument with RUS if the borrower fails to have an audit performed and documented in compliance with GAGAS and this part;
- (3) The CPA represents that he/she meets the requirements under this part to be satisfactory to RUS;
- (4) The CPA will perform the audit and will prepare the auditor's report, report on compliance, report on compliance and on internal controls over financial reporting, and management letter in accordance with the requirements of this part:
- (5) The CPA will document the audit work performed in accordance with GAGAS, the professional standards of the AICPA, and the requirements of this part;
- (6) The CPA will make all audit-related documents, including auditor's reports, workpapers, and management letters available to RUS or its representatives (OIG and GAO), upon request, and will permit the photocopying of all audit-related documents; and
- (7) The CPA will follow the requirements of reporting irregularities and illegal acts as outlined in §1773.9.
- (b) The audit agreement may include such additional terms and conditions

as the CPA and borrower deem appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- (1) The CPA will report all audit findings to the board of directors as required in §1773.20(b); and
- (2) The auditor's report, report on compliance, report on compliance and on internal controls over financial reporting, and management letter with copies for transmittal to RUS, and supplemental lenders, if applicable, will be submitted to the borrower's board of directors within 90 days of the as of audit date:
- (c) A copy of the audit agreement must be available at the borrower's office for inspection by RUS personnel. One copy of the current audit agreement must be maintained in the CPA's workpapers or permanent file.

[56 FR 63360, Dec. 3, 1991, as amended at 61 FR 108, Jan 3, 1996; 63 FR 38722, July 17, 1998]

§1773.7 Audit standards.

- (a) The audit must be performed in accordance with GAGAS and this part. The audit must be performed in accordance with GAGAS in effect at the audit date unless the borrower is directed otherwise, in writing, by RUS.
- (b) The audit must include such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures that are sufficient to enable the CPA to express an opinion on the financial statements and to issue the required reports on compliance and internal controls and the management letter.
- (c) Audit scope limitation. (1) The borrower will not limit the scope of the audit to the extent that the CPA is unable to meet RUS's audit requirements or to provide an unqualified opinion that the financial statements are presented fairly in conformity with GAAP.
- (2) The security instrument provision requiring the submission of a report of the audit is not satisfied if the CPA must qualify the opinion in the auditor's report due to limitations placed on the scope of the audit by the borrower.
- (3) If the CPA determines during the audit that an unqualified opinion cannot be issued due to a scope limitation imposed by the borrower, the CPA

should use professional judgment to determine what levels of the borrower's management should be informed.

(4) After informing the borrower's management, if the scope limitation is not adequately resolved, the CPA should immediately contact the Assistant Administrator, Program Accounting and Regulatory Analysis, RUS, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, DC 20250–1500. The Assistant Administrator, Program Accounting and Regulatory Analysis, will endeavor to resolve the matter with the borrower.

§1773.8 Audit date.

- (a) The annual audit must be performed as of the end of the same calendar month each year unless prior approval to change the as of audit date is obtained, in writing, from RUS.
- (1) A borrower may request a change in the as of audit date by writing to the appropriate RUS regional office at least 60 days prior to the newly requested as of audit date.
- (2) The time period between the prior as of audit date and the newly requested as of audit date must be no longer than twenty-four months. For example, a borrower that wishes to change its as of audit date from December 31, 19X1, to June 30, must make the change effective no later than June 30, 19X3.
- (b) Comparative financial statements must be prepared and audited for the twelve months ending as of the new audit date and for the twelve months immediately preceding that period.
- (c) A borrower that changes its as of audit date from December 31, 19X1, to June 30, 19X3, must have the CPA report on statements in the following manner:

Previously issued statements	Statements prepared as of new audit date
12/31/X1; 12/31/X0 (Statements need not be reissued).	6/30/X3; 6/30/X2

§ 1773.9 Disclosure of irregularities and illegal acts.

(a) In accordance with GAGAS, the CPA must design audit steps and procedures to provide reasonable assurance of detecting errors, irregularities, ille-

gal acts, and noncompliance with the provisions of contracts or grant agreements that could have a direct and material effect on financial statement amounts.

- (b) If there is an indication that an irregularity may have occurred or evidence concerning the existence of a possible instance of noncompliance with the provisions of contracts or grant agreements that could have a material direct or indirect effect on the financial statements, the CPA must extend audit steps and procedures to obtain sufficient, competent evidential matter to determine whether, in fact, an irregularity or an instance of noncompliance has occurred and the effect on the borrower's financial statements.
- (c) Pursuant to the terms of its audit agreement with the borrower, the CPA must immediately report, in writing, all irregularities and all indications or instances of illegal acts, whether material or not, to:
- (1) The president of the borrower's board of directors;
- (2) The Assistant Administrator, Program Accounting and Regulatory Analysis; and
 - (3) OIG, as follows:
- (i) For the States of Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia, Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, Vermont and the Virgin Islands, report to USDA-OIG-Audit, Northeast Region, Regional Inspector General, 6505 Belcrest Road, room 428-A, Hyattsville, Maryland 20782:
- (ii) For the States of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee, report to USDA-OIG-Audit, Southeast Region, Regional Inspector General, 401 W. Peachtree Street, NW., room 2328, Atlanta, Georgia 30365-3520;
- (iii) For the States of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, and Wisconsin, report to USDA-OIG-Audit, Midwest Region, Regional Inspector General, 111 N. Canal Street, Suite 1130, Chicago, Illinois 60606;
- (iv) For the States of Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas, report to USDA-OIG-Audit,